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Measuring agriculture and rural planning with advanced methods Part II: Rural land management and planning: crosscutting and interdisciplinary issues

#### New tools for agricultural and forestry landscapes for an ecologically oriented planning

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## INTRODUCTION

# PLANNING LANDSCAPE GEOMATICS

- Techniques for the production and updating of territorial databases not only provide the planners useful informative tools but also allow new spatial analyses to be used for the planning of rural and protected areas.
- These spatial analyses are based on new cartographic products, based on DTM (Digital Terrain Model) and orthoimages databases can give.

## INTRODUCTION

- Examples on new cartographic representations useful for the landscape analysis and planning:
  - Visual sensitivity analysis of a landmark
  - Visual sensitivity analysis of a linear system
  - Visual sensitivity analysis of a territory (terroir)
  - Potential of energy exploitation of a region (PV)
- Why are they croscutting? Geomatics and Landscape planning, combine physical aspects with social, quantitative with qualitative
- How much interdisciplinar? Energy sciences (technology, planning, etc.), perceptive psychology

## **REPRESENTATION OF A VISUAL SENSITIVITY**

- Areas of rural landscape that can be seen from a view point and how these are seen, can be computed in an automated procedure by means of *Viewshed Analyses (VA)*.
- VA simulates the complex relationships between the topography, the landscape and the vantage points. They use the *lines of sight* method to determine the visibility of each land unit of the case study area from a certain view point (or a sequence of viewpoints).
- Other aspects that affect the visibility can be considered:
- Visual acuity limit
- Atmosferic extintion
- Colour contrast, shape,...



## **REPRESENTATION OF A VISUAL SENSITIVITY**

The result of such analyses are raster images (each point is a land unit) and its content depends on the visibility model that is adopted (*binary viewshed, cumulative viewshed, identifying viewshed*, ecc.).





## VISUAL SENSITIVITY AND LANDSCAPE PLANNING GUIDELINES



## VISUAL SENSITIVITY OF A LANDMARK

Two new skyscrapers of the city of Turin (DTM+buildings)



## VISUAL SENSITIVITY OF A LINEAR SYSTEM

 A path of 14 stages that connects the house of Don Bosco to the house of S. Domenico Savio in the province of Asti



## VISUAL SENSITIVITY OF A LINEAR SYSTEM

**Landscape sensitivity map** : each LU is classified as a function of the occurrence of the visibility from the various points of the path (LS is maximal if the LU sees all the points of the path)



## VISUAL SENSITIVITY OF A TERRITORY

## The Barolo Terroir (Barolo, La Morra, Castiglione Falletto)

- DTM from the regional DTM obtained with LiDAR techniques Level 4 IntesaGIS/CISIS
- Buildings from fotogrammetry, CRT
- Forests: height obtained throuth analysis of the LiDAR original data for the forest areas (060101), estime done by the *canopy*



## VISUAL SENSITIVITY OF A TERRITORY The Barolo Terroir (Barolo, La Morra, Castiglione Falletto)



Modelling of the buildings

## VISUAL SENSITIVITY OF A TERRITORY The Barolo Terroir (Barolo, La Morra, Castiglione Falletto)



Modelling of the forests

## VISUAL SENSITIVITY OF A TERRITORY



### VISUAL SENSITIVITY OF A TERRITORY Virtual visibility (DTM only)



## VISUAL SENSITIVITY OF A TERRITORY

Visibility considering the buildings



## VISUAL SENSITIVITY OF A TERRITORY

Visibility considering the buildings and the forests

□ Vis. TERRENO+CASE+BOSCHI VALUE Not Visible Visible □ Vis. TERRENO + CASE VALUE Not Visible Visible Vis. TERRENO VALUE Not Visible Visible



## POTENTIAL OF ENERGY EXPLOITATION

Large ground mounted PV plants in 3 provinces of Piedmont



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# Thank you for your attention

